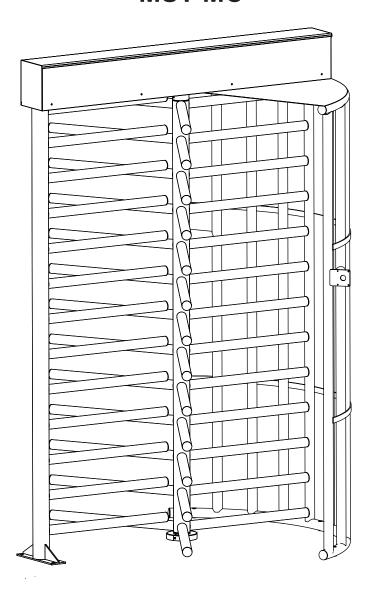


dormakaba Group

Maximum Security Turnstile Minimal Contact MST-MC



Installation and Operation Instructions

Alvarado Manufacturing Company, Inc.

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Safety Precautions

The MST-TE may present a risk to persons and property if it is not installed and/or operated correctly. This manual must be read in its entirety and all safety and operations information must be followed. Note the following precautions:

- Use only skilled individuals to install and service the turnstile.
- DO NOT operate the turnstile if it has been damaged in any manner. If damaged, have the unit repaired or adjusted by a skilled service person before use.
- DO NOT modify or alter the turnstile.
- Have skilled individuals maintain the turnstile according to a proper maintenance schedule.
- In access control applications, train all personnel that will be using the turnstile in the proper method of operation. In addition, properly train new users as they are added to the system.
- DO NOT use non-Alvarado parts to repair a damaged turnstile.
- Closely follow the handling instructions for moving or lifting the turnstile during installation.
- Power off the turnstile before connecting or disconnecting any communication or power wiring to the turnstile.
- The turnstile is not a toy. DO NOT allow children to play on or near the turnstile. DO NOT allow horseplay near the turnstile.
- Utilisez uniquement des personnes qualifiées pour installer et entretenir le tourniquet.
- NE PAS faire fonctionner le tourniquet s'il a été endommagé de quelque façon. S'il est endommagé, faire réparer ou ajuster l'unité avant l'utilisation par un(e) préposé(e) à l'entretien qualifié(e).
- NE PAS modifier ou altérer le tourniquet.
- Le tourniquet doit être maintenu selon un calendrier d'entretien adéquat par des personnes qualifiées.
- Dans les applications de contrôle d'accès, former tout le personnel qui utilisera le tourniquet selon la bonne méthode de fonctionnement. De plus, bien former les nouveaux utilisateurs à leur intégration au système.
- NE PAS utiliser des pièces ne provenant pas du Alvarado pour réparer un tourniquet endommagé.
- Suivez strictement les instructions de manutention pour déplacer ou soulever le tourniquet lors de l'installation
- Éteignez le tourniquet avant de brancher ou de débrancher le câblage de communication ou le câblage d'electricité.
- Le tourniquet n'est pas un jouet. Ne pas laisser les enfants jouer sur ou près du tourniquet. Ne pas se chamailler près du tourniquet.

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS

Safety Icons

The following symbols are used throughout the manual to highlight important information and potential risks when installing, servicing or using the turnstiles covered in this manual.



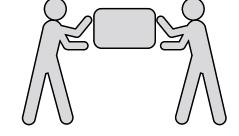
This symbol is used in this manual to warn installers and operators of potential harm. Please read these instructions very carefully.



This symbol is used in this manual to designate potential conditions that may pose a risk to pedestrians, personnel, property and equipment. Please read these instructions very carefully.



This symbol is used in this manual to designate useful information for the installer and operator. Please read these instructions.



A minimum of two people is required to complete the installation of this product.



For questions, please contact Alvarado at (909) 591-8431, Monday – Friday 7:00am to 4:00 PST. Please read this manual completely before installing or operating the product.



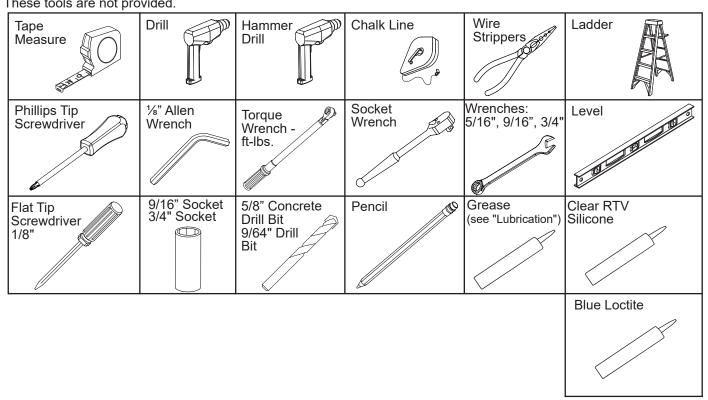
UL Certification



This product is fully certified by a nationally recognized testing laboratory to UL 294, UL 325, and CSA C22.2 NO.247-14. Unauthorized modification to this product in any way is prohibited.

Installation Tools

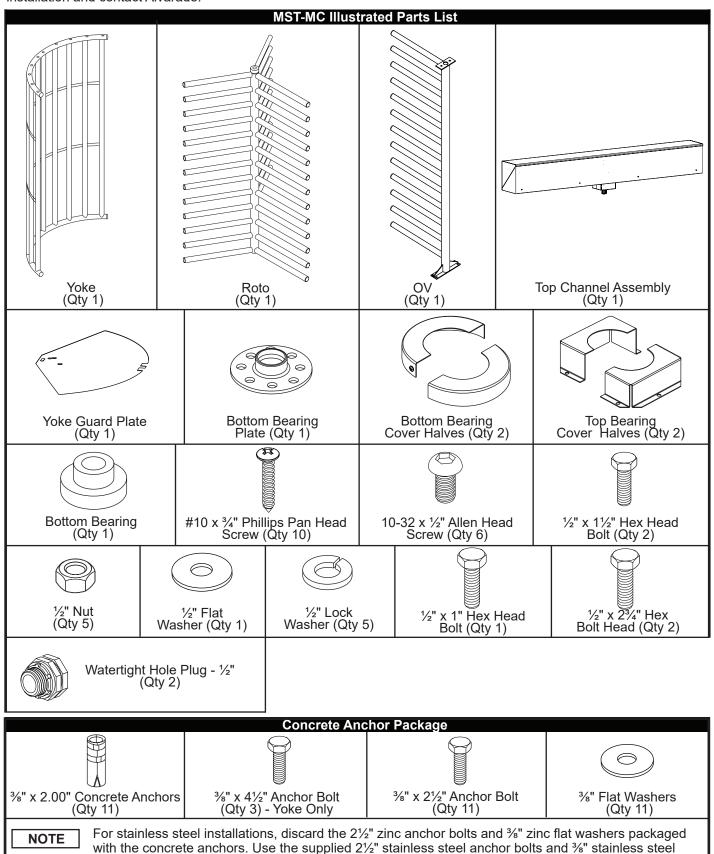
The following tools may be required during the installation, dependent on the specific product installed. These tools are not provided.





Parts List

This product is shipped with all required installation hardware and components. Make sure that none of these parts are missing and/or damaged before beginning installation. If there are parts missing and/or damaged, please stop the installation and contact Alvarado.



flat washers.



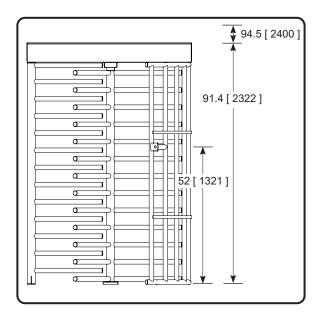
Overview of Installation Requirements

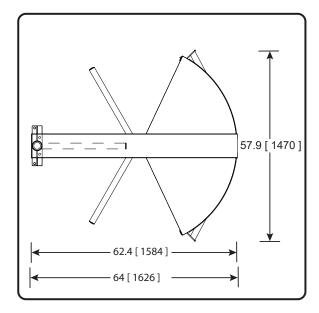
Use only skilled technicians for the site preparation and installation of the turnstile using Alvarado's instructions.

Slab Requirements

Install the turnstile on a 6' x 6' (min.) level concrete slab. The slab must be a minimum of 4" thickness. The turnstile may only be installed on concrete. Do not install the turnstile on asphalt.

Space Requirements





Alvarado recommends that a minimum of 3" of clearance above the turnstile to facilitate maintenace and the minimum installation width required of 64".

Confirming Orientation

When viewed from the UNSECURED side, the turnstile must be installed with the top channel lid opening towards the SECURED side and the curved yoke section located on the right-hand side. [Figure 1].



Fig. 1

Installation Instructions

NOTE

The turnstile is rated for both indoor and outdoor use.

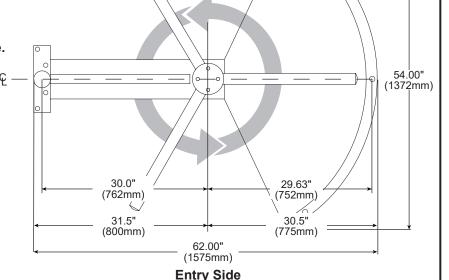
Confirm where the turnstile will be installed.
 Consider the overall footprint size of the unit when
 determining the installation location [Figure 1].
 Once the installation location has been determined,
 use a chalk line to mark the centerline of the
 turnstile.

NOTES

Default entry rotation is counterclockwise.

Confirm correct entry direction prior to installation.

Alvarado recommends that the minimum installation width required be 64".



(Unsecured)

Exit Side

(Secured)

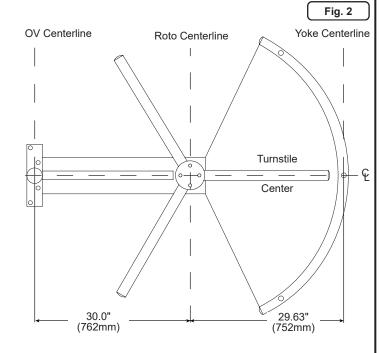
2. Determine and mark the centerline location for the OV, Roto, and Yoke [Figure 2].

NOTE

The overall height of the MST is 91.5". However, an additional 3" of clearance must be added for service and maintenance.

If desired, installers can stub up the power conduit at the intersection of the turnstile centerline and the OV centerline. Power may also be routed directly into the top channel [Figures 25 & 26].

Mark all center lines prior to installation.





Bottom Bearing

- Place the bottom bearing plate over the turnstile and roto intersecting lines.
- 2. Mark the center location of all four anchor holes for the bottom bearing plate [Figure 3]. Set aside the bottom bearing plate.
- Using a %" concrete drill bit, drill four anchor holes, 3. 3" in depth, at the center of each marked location [Figure 3].

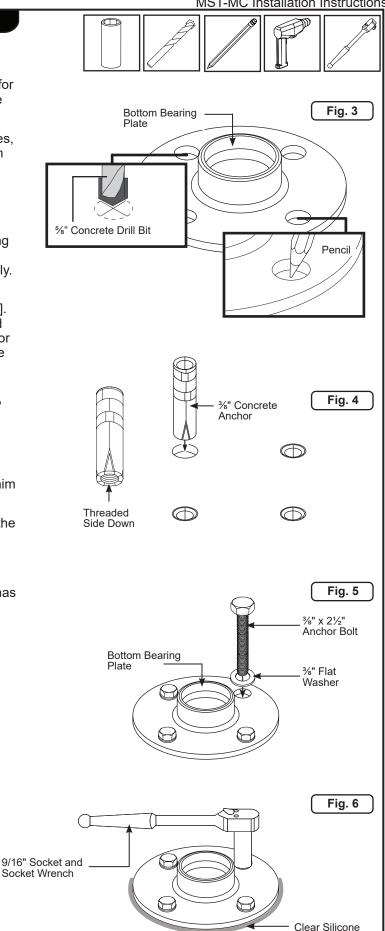
NOTE

The anchor hole(s) must be clean before installing the anchor bolt(s). If the hole(s) are not clear of debris, the anchor bolt(s) may not tighten correctly.

- 4. Insert one anchor into each drilled hole [Figure 4]. The threaded end of the anchor must be inserted into the hole first. Use a hammer to tap the anchor into place, if needed. Ensure that the anchors are flush with the concrete floor.
- Place the bottom bearing plate back over the 5. anchor holes and anchor it with four (4) 3/8" x 21/2" anchor bolts and flat washers [Figure 5].
- 6. Use a torque wrench and 9/16" socket to tighten the anchor bolts to 40 ft-lbs. [Figure 6].
- Confirm that the bottom bearing plate is level. Shim 7. as needed.
- Apply a thick bead of clear RTV silicone around the 8. bottom bearing plate [Figure 6].

NOTE

Clear RTV silicone is a low volatile formula and has an application temperature range from -70°F up to 400°F.



0

Yoke

NOTES

Do not use a single yoke as a template when multiple turnstiles are installed, as yoke dimensions may vary slightly from yoke to yoke.

- 1. Reconfirm the centerline location for the yoke [Figure 7].
- 2. Using a %" concrete drill bit, drill an anchor hole 3" in depth.

NOTE

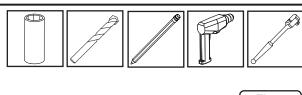
The anchor hole(s) must be clean before installing the anchor bolt(s). If the hole(s) are not clear of debris, the anchor bolt(s) may not tighten correctly.

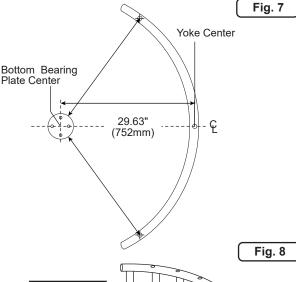
- 3. Insert one anchor into the drilled hole [Figure 8A]. The threaded end of the anchor must be inserted into the hole first. Use a hammer to tap the anchor into place, if needed. Ensure that the anchor is flush with the concrete floor.
- 4. Place the Yoke back over the anchor hole and anchor it with one $\frac{3}{8}$ " x 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ " anchor bolt and flat washer.

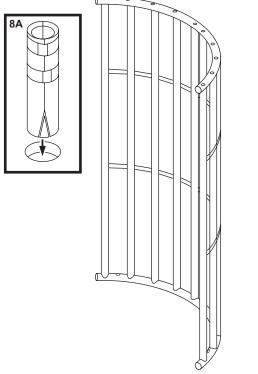
NOTE

Prior to drilling the remaining anchor holes, use a tape measure and measure the distance from the bottom bearing plate center to the remaining mounting holes on the yoke [Figure 7]. Adjust the yoke until these two distances are identical. Mark these two locations.

- 5. Rotate the yoke to the left. Using a %" concrete drill bit, drill two anchor holes 3" in depth at the center of each marked location.
- 6. Insert two anchors into the drilled holes [Figure 8A]. The threaded end of the anchors must be inserted into the holes first. Use a hammer to tap the anchors into place, if needed. Ensure that the anchors are flush with the concrete floor.









Yoke (Cont)

7. Rotate the yoke back over the anchor holes and anchor it with two $\frac{3}{8}$ " x $4\frac{1}{2}$ " anchor bolt and flat washer [Figure 9].

NOTE

Use caution when anchoring yokes with a powder coat finish.

- 8. Confirm the yoke is level and plumb. Shim as needed see Shim Notes.
- 9. Once the yoke has been leveled, use a torque wrench and 9/16" socket to tighten the anchor bolts to 40 ft-lbs. [Figure 10].

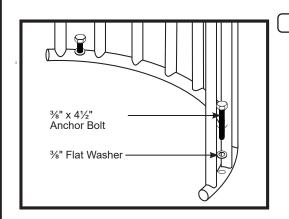
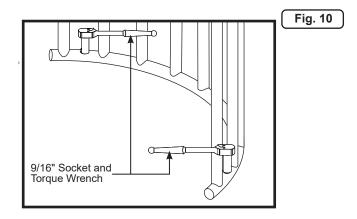


Fig. 9



Shim Notes

If it is not level, use shims as needed. Avoid shim materials like wood, rubber, or other materials that can erode or decay over time. Metal washers are recommended for small gaps less than 1/2" & concrete for larger gaps exceeding 1/2".

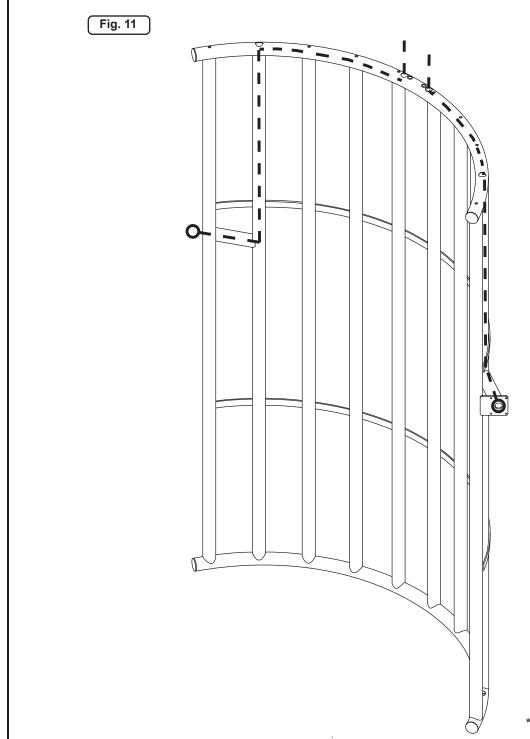


Card Reader Wire

If reader plates were supplied, pull-wire is factory-installed to facilitate card reader wire installation. It is advised to pull the card reader wire through the yoke prior to top channel installation.[Figure 11]

See Mounting the Card Reader section for details.

- Attach card reader wire to pull-wire. 1.
- 2. Pull the pull-wire through the OV until the card reader wire begins to show.
- 3. Pull enough of the card reader wire through to reach the estimated location of the control board (approx. 2.ft.).



*Yoke shown only for clarity.



OV

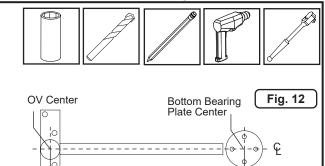
- 1. Reconfirm the centerline location for the OV [Figure 12].
- 2. While holding the OV in place, use a pencil and mark the center of all four anchoring holes in the base of the OV [Figure 13].
- 3. Using a %" concrete drill bit, drill four anchor holes, 3" in depth, at the center of each marked location in Step 2.

NOTES

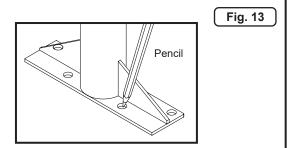
The anchor hole(s) must be clean before installing the anchor bolt(s). If the hole(s) are not clear of debris, the anchor bolt(s) may not tighten correctly.

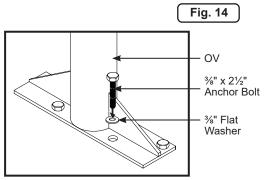
Conduit stub should be marked and installed at this time. See *Conduit Routing* section for details.

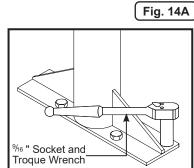
- Insert anchors into the drilled holes. The threaded end of the anchor must be inserted into the hole first. Use a hammer to tap the anchor into place, if needed. Ensure that the anchors are flush with the concrete floor.
- 5. Place the OV back over the anchor holes and anchor it with four 3/8" x 2½" anchor bolts and flat washers [Figure 14].
- 6. Once the OV has been anchored, use a torque wrench and 9/16" socket to tighten the anchor bolts to 40 ft-lbs. [Figure 14A].
- 7. Confirm OV is level and plumb. Shim as needed. See *Shim Notes* section.



30.0" (762mm)









Roto

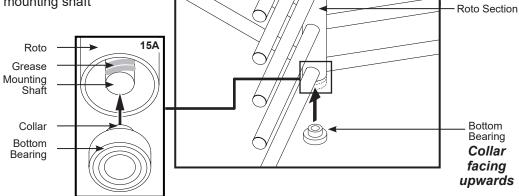
NOTE

Prior to installing, liberally apply a coating of grease to the shaft, top of the bearing, sides of the bottom bearing plate and inside the bottom bearing plate (layer 1/4" to 1/2" in thickness). Applying grease as indicated will help protect against moisture and foreign matter penetrating the bearing area.

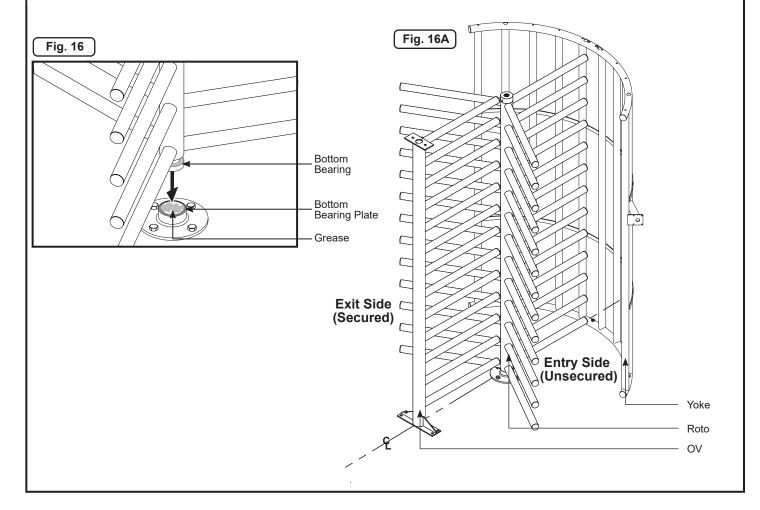


Fig. 15

Attach the bottom bearing, collar facing up, to the lower end of the roto (Figure 15) by sliding the bottom bearing onto the mounting shaft [Figure 15A].



- 2. Apply grease, as instructed. Lower the roto, bottom bearing first, into the bottom bearing plate [Figure 16]. Wipe away any excess grease.
- 3. When complete, refer to Figure 16A for correct installation orientation.





Top Channel



A minimum of two people is required to complete the installation of top channel.



- 1. Remove the cover from the top channel using a 1/8" Allen wrench [Figure 17].
- Determine orientation before installing the top 2. channel.

NOTE

The end of the top channel with the power outlet attached to it must be mounted over the yoke. The end of the top channel with the large hole in the center and two smaller holes on either side must be mounted over the OV. Refer to Figure 19.

With the help of two assistants, lift the top channel 3. up and over roto, yoke and OV [Figure 18].

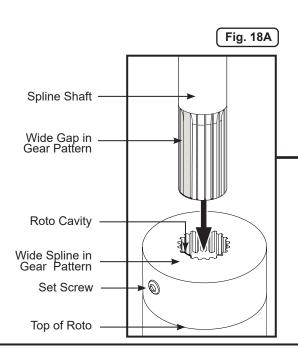
DANGER

Be sure that the feeder wire and/or any access control wiring is out of the way and is not caught between the top channel and the yoke, roto or OV, as this may damage the wires.

NOTE

Apply grease to the end of the spline shaft before lowering.

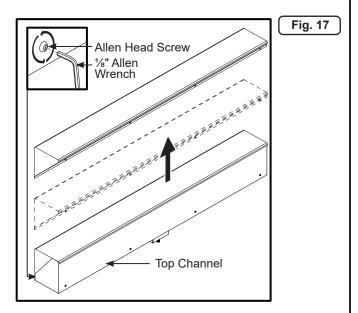
- Align the top channel spline shaft with the roto 4. cavity and carefully lower the top channel spline shaft into the roto cavity [Figure 18A].
- 5. Once the top channel is seated firmly in place, apply a drop of Blue loctite to the set screw and use an Allen wrench to secure [Figure 18A].
- Confirm roto is level and plumb. 6.











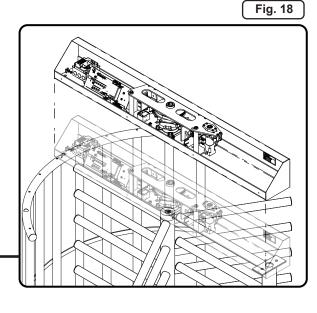


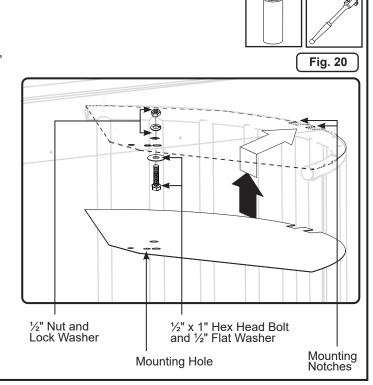


Fig. 19A V=" Nut and Lock Washers Head Bolts Head Bolt

- 7. The top channel mounting holes are located at each end of the top channel [Figure 19].
 - A. Yoke Side Insert two ½" x 2¾" hex head bolts, from the underside of the top channel, up through the mounting holes and secure with two ½" lock washers and two ½" nuts [Figure 19A].
 - B. OV Side Insert two ½" x 1½" hex head bolts, from the underside of the top channel, up through the mounting holes and secure with two ½" lock washers and two ½" nuts [Figure 19B].
- 8. Hand tighten the top channel mounting hardware at this time using a 3/4" socket wrench and a 3/4" wrench.

Guard Plate

- 1. Slide the wide end of the guard plate, (notched end first) between the top channel and the top of the yoke [Figure 20].
- 2. Insert one ½" x 1" hex head bolt and ½" flat washer, from the underside of the guard plate, up through the top channel mounting hole and secure with one ½" lock washer and one ½" nut.
- 3. Finger tighten the guard plate mounting hardware at this time.





Bearing Covers

NOTE

For illustration and clarity purposes only, the bearing cover illustrations are shown without the surrounding sections.





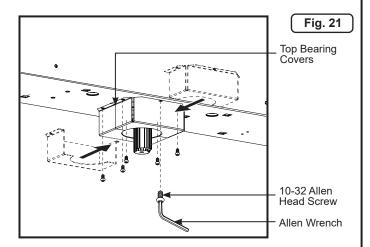






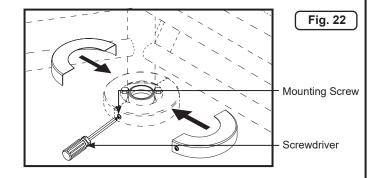
Top Bearing Cover

- Place the two halves of the top bearing cover over the top bearing and align the mounting holes.
- 2. Using an Allen wrench, Insert and tighten the six 10-32 x ½" Allen head mounting screws [Figure 21].



Bottom Bearing Cover

- Place the two halves of the bottom bearing cover over the bottom bearing and align the mounting holes.
- Using a screwdriver, tighten the two mounting screws [Figure 22].



Final Construction Steps

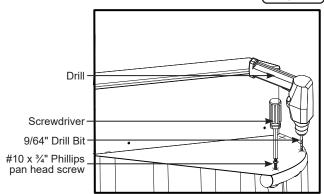
NOTE

Be sure the guard plate and the yoke are aligned properly and flush before performing the following step(s).

Be sure that the turnstile is level before performing the following step(s). See *Shim Notes* section for more information.

- Ensure that all mounting hardware is tightened. The anchor bolts (11 total) and the top channel mounting bolts should be tightened to 40 ft-lbs using a torque wrench and appropriate sockets.
- 2. Using a drill and 9/64" drill bit, drill six holes, three along each side of the yoke.
- 3. Insert and tighten six #10 x ¾" Phillips pan head screws [Figure 23].
- Test the roto for binding when it is functional. If there is binding, loosen the mounting hardware and adjust as needed.
- Test the roto for binding. If no binding occurs, retighten all mounting hardware.







Key Override Operation

The key override is used to change the turnstile passage mode between the following modes :

- Controlled
- Free-Pass FP
- No-Pass NP

See Testing Turnstile Operation section for passage mode details.

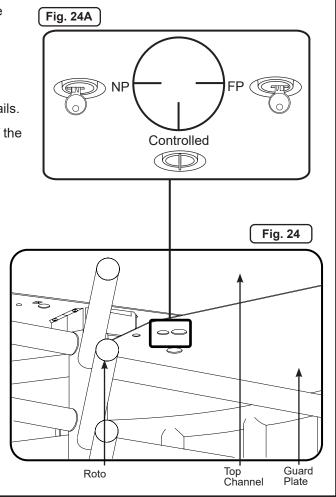
Key overrides are installed in the top channel, on either side of the roto. [Figure 24]

The key has 3 positions [Figure 24A]:

- · Left No-Pass Mode
- · Center Controlled Mode
- Right Free-Pass Mode
- 1. Set each direction to the appropriate passage mode.

NOTE

Remove keys when complete and store in a safe location.





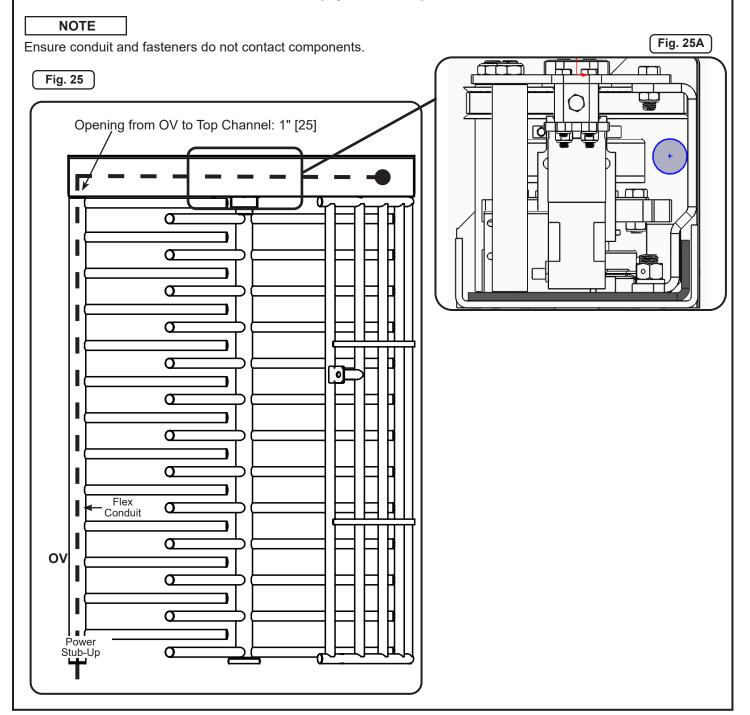
Conduit Routing

There are two methods of routing conduit to the top channel:

- 1.) Flex conduit can be run through the vertical tube of the OV. The OV opening is 1" in diameter. [Figure 25]
- 2.) Conduit may be attached directly to the fixed part of the top channel lid. After completing primary power and access control wiring, plug all unused holes in the top channel.

1. OV Installation

Stub-up at the base of the OV and run conduit through the OV and top channel to the junction box. Flex conduit must be run all the way to the junction box. The blue circle indicates the location where 1/2" ID flex conduit can be mounted to the inner surface of the back channel. [Figure 25 & 25A]



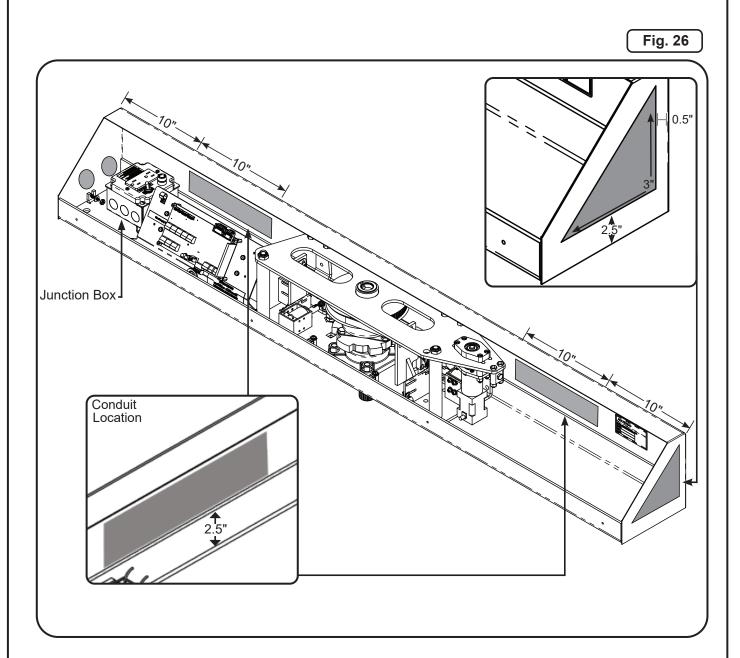


Conduit Routing (Cont.)

2. Top Channel Cover Installation

Run conduit to the top channel cover to one of the locations shown. [Figure 26]

If necessary, punch conduit hole at least 2.5" from the bottom of the top channel lid. After completing primary power and access control wiring, plug all unused holes in the top channel using included watertight plugs.





Electrical Wiring

⚠ WARNING

Run permanent AC power wires to the unit. Use a licensed electrician to perform this procedure adhering to all local electrical codes.

Use a licensed electrician for the following steps.

- 1. Remove the top channel cover.
- 2. Make sure the power on toggle switch is in the OFF position. If it is not, move the toggle switch to the OFF position.
- 3. Using a screwdriver, remove the cover of the junction box.
- 4. Locate the power wires inside the junction box.
- 5. Run the primary power wires, coming in from either side of the top channel, through the knock-out.

NOTE

The junction box housing has circular knock-outs on the side of the box. Remove the most appropriate knock-out.

6. Secure primary power wires to the appropriate colored screws as shown in the table below:

Fig. 31 120VAC Connections

Screw Color	Primary Power Wire
Gold	Line
Silver	Neutral
Green	Earth Ground

Fig. 32 220VAC Connections

Screw Color	Primary Power Wire
Gold	Line
Silver	Neutral
Green	

- 7. Tuck the excess wire into the junction box and re-attach the junction box cover.
- 8. Once power has been established, route the access control wires.

NOTE

If your model was purchased with the option of having a card reader installed, please refer to the installation instructions that come packaged with the card reader mounting plate.

Fig. 31A 110-120VAC (3A Fuse)

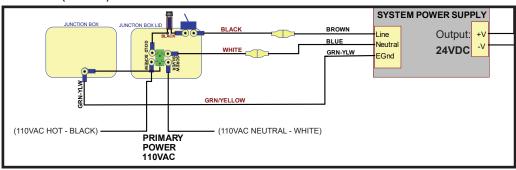
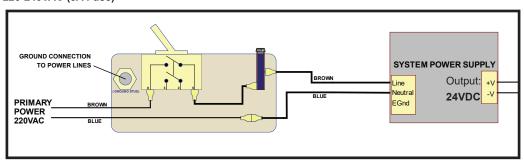
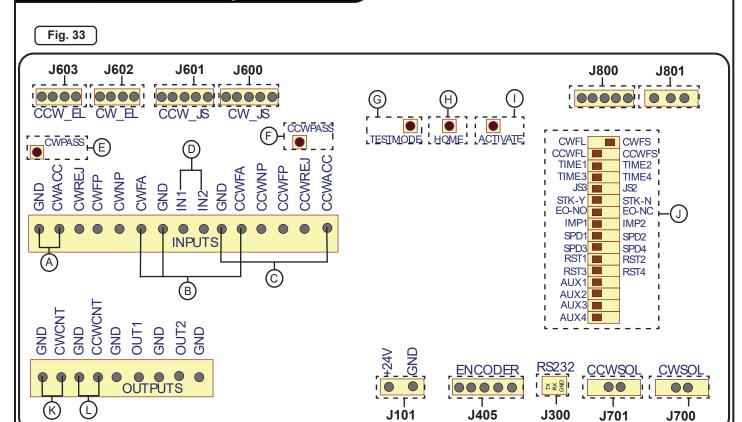


Fig. 32A 220-240VAC (3A Fuse)





Turnstile Control Board Layout



Item	Description	
А	Access Control Activation - Clockwise	
В	Fire Alarm System Connection - Clockwise / Counterclockwise	
С	Access Control Activation - Counterclockwise	
D	Activation Sensor Inputs	
E	Clockwise Test Activation Switch	
F	Counterclockwise Test Activation Switch	
G	Test Mode Switch	
Н	Home Position Switch	
I	Activation Switch	
J	DIP Switches - See DIP Switch Description section for details	
K	Passage Count Output - Clockwise	
L	Passage Count Output - Counterclockwise	



Terminal Descriptions

Item	Name	Description	Explanation
J603	CCW_EL	Connection for EL Lights - Counterclockwise	If red/green status lights are used, the green light signifies that the turnstile is ready to accept an activation for the Counterclockwise direction. When CCWNP connection is closed, the red light will be illuminated and signifies that the turnstile will not accept an activation. Refer to description of CCWNP.
J602	CW_EL	Connection for EL Light - Clockwise	If red/green status lights are used, the green light signifies that the turnstile is ready to accept an activation for the clockwise direction. When CWNP connection is closed, the red light will be illuminated and signifies that the turnstile will not accept an activation. Refer to description of CWNP.
J601	CCW_JS	Connection for Activation Lights (JS2 / JS3) - Counterclockwise	Connection for JS2 / JS3 activation lights - Counterclockwise.
J600	CW_JS	Connection for Activation Lights - Clockwise	Connection for JS2 / JS3 activation lights - Clockwise.
J800		Motor Hall Effect Sensor	Critical for Motor operation.
J801		Motor Phase Power	Critical for Motor operation.
D	CWPASS	Allows user to test turnstile activation - clockwise	Simulates a contact short to CWACC/GND. If the CWSOL fires after depressing button & re-locks after a single Clockwise rotation of the roto or upon access timeout, the turnstile is functioning correctly in the Clockwise direction.
Ш	CCWPASS	Allows users to test turnstile activation - Counterclockwise	Simulates a contact short to CCWACC/GND. If the CCWSOL fires after depressing button & re-locks after a single Counteclockwise rotation of the roto or upon access timeout, the turnstile is functioning correctly in the Counterclockwise direction.
F	TESTMODE	Allows users to enter Test Mode to set Home Position	Press and hold for 3s to enter Test Mode - confirmed by a solid green LED. Press and hold again for 3s to exit Test Mode - confirmed by a flashing green LED.
O	HOME	Allows users to set the Home Position once in Test Mode.	While in Test Mode, this button sets the rotos Home Position. Press once while in Test Mode to confirm manually set Home Position.
Н	ACTIVATE	Allows Tech Support to verify turnstile function.	Diagnostic use only - To be used only on the advice from Alvarado Technical Support.
Α	GND	Ground wire connecton from the access control system.	Ground wire connection from the access control system.
Α	CWACC	"Card Authorized" input connection from the access control system - Clockwise	Accepts the signal from access control system to unlock turnstile in the Clockwise direction for a single rotation. Signal must be a N.O. dry contact 0.5s to 2s in duration
INPUTS	CWREJ	"Card Reject" input connection from the access control system - Clockwise	Used for access control system feedback to signal via JS2 / JS3 lights that the credential presented is unauthorized for the Clockwise direction. Turnstile remained locked.
INPUTS	CWFP	Connection to place the turnstile in "Open" status - Clockwise	Providing a continuous dry contact places the Clockwise direction in an "Open" mode. Roto will free-spin in the Clockwise direction.
INPUTS	CWNP	Connection to place the turnstile in locked "Closed" status - Clockwise	Providing a continuous dry contact places the Clockwise direction in a locked "Closed" Mode. A signal to CWACC is ignored to deny access in the Clockwise direction. If EL Lights are installed (Item J602), the red light will be illuminated continuously.
В	CWFA	Connection for Fire Alarm System - Clockwise	Reserved for use with a Fire Alarm System - places the Clockwise direction in an "Open" Mode upon receipt of a continuous dry contact. Roto will free-spin in the Clockwise direction.



1012 1-101C 1	nstaliation inst	ructions	
Termi	nal Descrip	tions (Cont.)	
В	GND	Ground wire connecton from the access control system.	Ground wire connection from the access control system.
INPUTS	IN1	Touchless Activation Sensor - Clockwise	Reserved for use with touchless activation sensor - Clockwise direction
INPUTS	IN2	Touchless Activation Sensor - Counterclockwise	Reserved for use with touchless activation sensor - Counterclockwise direction
С	GND	Ground wire connecton from the access control system.	Ground wire connection from the access control system.
В	CCWFA	Connection for Fire Alarm System - Counterclockwise	Reserved for use with a Fire Alarm System - places the Counterclockwise direction in an "Open" Mode upon receipt of a continuous dry contact.
INPUTS	CCWNP	Connection to place the turnstile in locked "Closed" status - Counterclockwise	Providing a continuous dry contact places the Counterclockwise direction in a locked "Closed" Mode. A signal to CCWACC is ignored to deny access in the Counterclockwise direction. If EL Lights are installed (Item J603), the red light will be illuminated continuously.
INPUTS	CCWFP	Connection to place the turnstile in "Open" status - Counterclockwise	Providing a continuous dry contact places the Counterclockwise direction in an "Open" mode. Roto will free-spin in the Counterclockwise direction.
INPUTS	CCWREJ	"Card Reject" input connection from the access control system - Counterclockwise	Used for access control system feedback to signal via JS2 / JS3 lights that the credential presented is unauthorized for the Counterclockwise direction. Turnstile remained locked.
С	CCWACC	"Card Authorized" input connection from the access control system - Counterclockwise	Accepts the signal from access control system to unlock turnstile in the Counterclockwise direction for a single rotation. Signal must be a N.O. dry contact 0.5s to 2s in duration
J700	CWSOL	Solenoid VDC Connection - Clockwise	Connection for Clockwise Solenoid. Universal polarity.
J701	CCWSOL	Solenoid VDC Connection - Counterclockwise	Connection for Counterclockwise Solenoid. Universal polarity.
J300	RS232	RS232 Serial Port (Diagnostic Use Only)	Programming port for diagnostic use only. Not applicable to end users.
J405	ENCODER	Position Encoder	Relays positional data from the roto to the board.
J101	+24V / GND	+24VDC Power Input	Accepts +24VDC from the transformer for turnstile operation.

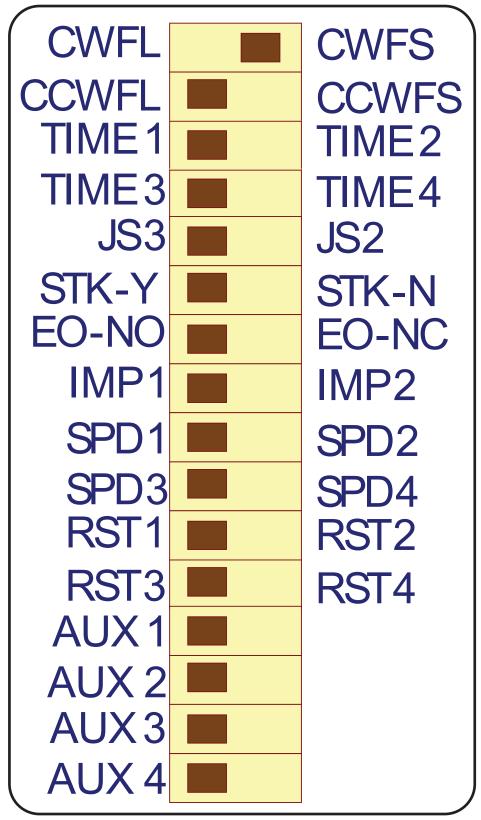


			MST-MC Installation instructions
Termi	nal Descrip	tions (Cont.)	
J	GND	Ground wire connection to the access control system.	Ground wire connection to the access control system.
J	CWCNT	Contact closure output upon complete Clockwise rotation	Provides feedback to the access control system that a Clockwise passage has been completed. Default contact length: 300ms.
K	GND	Ground wire connection to the access control system.	Ground wire connection to the access control system.
K	CCWCNT	Contact closure output upon complete Counterclockwise rotation	Provides feedback to the access control system that a Counterclockwise passage has been completed. Default contact length: 300ms.
Inputs	GND	Ground wire connection to the access control system.	Ground wire connection to the access control system.
Inputs	OUT1	Unused	
Inputs	GND	Ground wire connection to the access control system.	Ground wire connection to the access control system.
Inputs	Out2	Unused	
Inputs	GND	Ground wire connection to the access control system.	Ground wire connection to the access control system.
I		Settings DIP Switches	See DIP Switch Description.



DIP Switch Layout

Fig. 34



^{*}DIP switches shown in their default configuration.

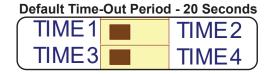


DIP Switch Description

Left / On	Switch Position	Switch Position	Right / Off
Configures solenoid control for the Clockwise direction to Fail-Lock. Power is applied to the solenoid to release lock arm upon activation signal.	CWFL	CWFS	Configures solenoid control for the Clockwise direction to Fail-Safe. Power is applied to solenoid to maintain lock position; power is removed to release the lock arm upon activation signal.
Configures solenoid control for the Counterclockwise direction to Fail-Lock. Power is applied to the solenoid to release lock arm upon activation signal.	CCWFL	CCWFS	Configures solenoid control for the Counterclockwise direction to Fail-Safe. Power is applied to solenoid to maintain lock position; power is removed to release the lock arm upon activation signal.
See chart below for timeout period lengths available.	TIME1	TIME2	See chart below for timeout period lengths available.
See chart below for timeout period lengths available.	TIME3	TIME4	See chart below for timeout period lengths available.
Set switch to the left when using Red / Yellow / Green Activation Lights	JS3	JS2	Set switch to the right when using Red / Green Activation Lights
Set switch to the left to enable activation "stacking" - allowing the turnstile to accept multiple activations quickly.	STK - Y	STK - N	Set switch to the right to disable activation "stacking" - allowing a single activation at a time.
Configures Fire Alarm System Connection (CWFA & CCWFA) terminals as Normally Open (N.O.)	E.O - N.O	E.O - N.C	Configures Fire Alarm System Connection (CWFA & CCWFA) terminals as Normally Cosed (N.C.)
Unused	IMP1	IMP2	Unused
See chart below for speed settings available.	SPD1	SPD2	See chart below for speed settings available.
See chart below for speed settings available.	SPD3	SPD4	See chart below for speed settings available.
For Diagnostic Use Only	RST1	RST2	For Diagnostic Use Only
For Diagnostic Use Only	RST3	RST4	For Diagnostic Use Only
Unused	AUX1		Unused
Unused	AUX2		Unused
Unused	AUX3		Unused
Unused	AUX4		Unused

Access Time-out Period Control Switch Settings

TIMED DELAY RESET TIMER	LEFT (OFF)	RIGHT (ON)
5 seconds		T2 / T4
10 seconds	Т3	T2
15 seconds	T1	T4
20 seconds (Default)	T1 / T3	



Rotation Speed Settings

SPEED SETTINGS	LEFT (OFF)	RIGHT (ON)
Slow		SPD2 / SPD4
Medium	SPD3	SPD2
Fast	SPD1	SPD4
Default - Slow	SPD1 / SPD3	

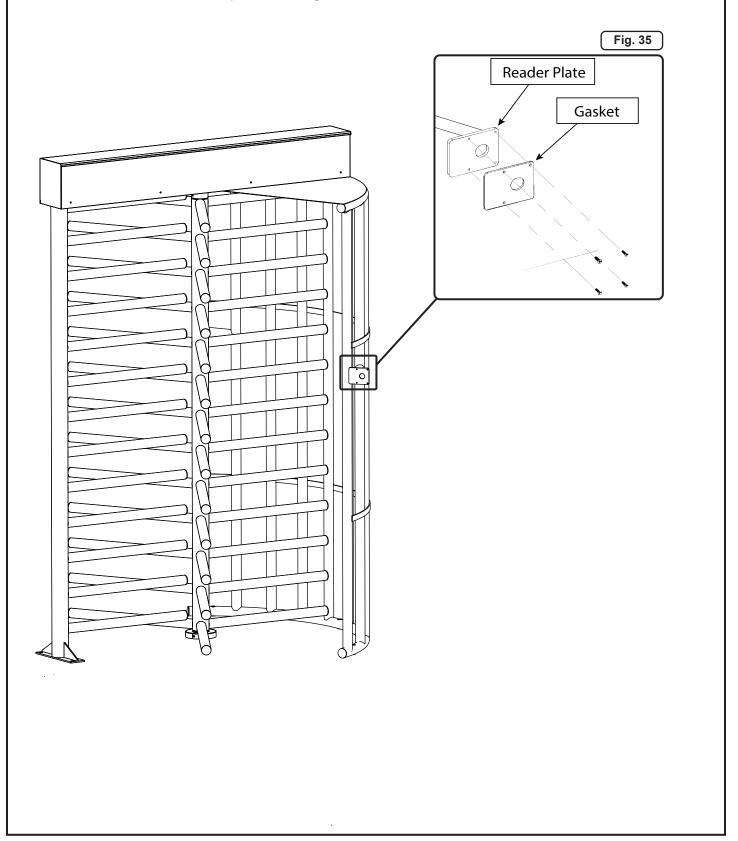
Default Rotation Speed - Slow			_
SPD1		SPD2	
SPD3		SPD4	



Mounting the Card Reader

If done during the yoke installation, the card reader wires should be hanging from the hole in the reader plates attached to the yoke. If not, pull the card reader wire through the yoke and into the top channel now - refer to the *Card Reader Wire* section.

Mount the card reader to the reader plate according to the card reader manufacturer's instructions.





Initial Power Up Sequence

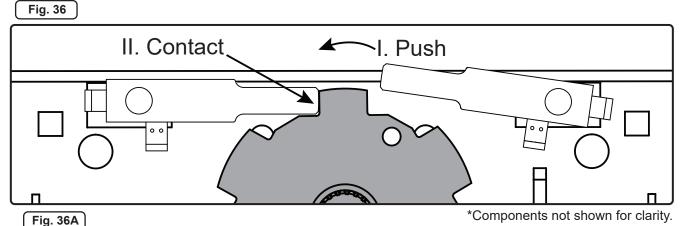
WARNING Ensure turnstile passage way is clear of obstructions before applying power.

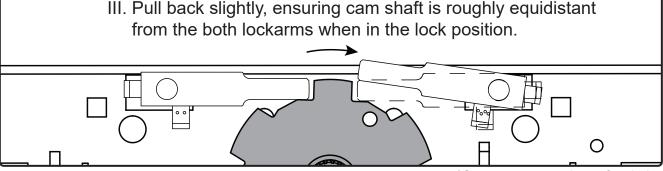
When power is first applied, the turnstile may rotate up to 3x though the turnstile will not be ready for an activation until the Home position has been set.

Setting Home Position

Follow the procedures below to set the Home Position:

- 1. On the control board, press and hold the button labeled "Test Mode" for 3 seconds. Test Mode is confirmed by the D2 light changing state from flashing to solid & both lockarms moving to the open position.
- 2. With the D2 LED solid, press the HOME button ONCE (1x) & one lockarm will move to the closed position.
- 3. With the D2 LED solid: grip the roto then push it towards the lockarm until it touches then pull back slightly (approx. 2-3mm) and hold it in position. [Figure 36 & 36A]





*Components not shown for clarity.

- 4. While holding the roto in position, press the button labeled "Home" a second time. Ensure button is fully depressed until it clicks.
- 5. While still holding the roto in position, press and hold "Test Mode" for 3 seconds then release the roto. The D2 LED will resume flashing once Test Mode has been exited.
- 6. The roto will rotate 3x then lock in the Home position. The turnstile is ready for an activation.

Typical Power Up Sequence

Once the MST-MC has been installed and the Home Position has been set, the typical power up sequence will have the roto spin 3x then lock into position, ready for immediate use.



Testing Turnstile Operation

Perform the following turnstile functionality tests to validate turnstile operation.

The following is assumed (Controlled Passage mode tests only):

- · The access control system is operational and all access control wiring to the turnstile is connected.
- · Valid access control credentials are on hand to activate the turnstile.

If valid access control credentials are not available, use the test buttons (CWPASS & CCWPASS) located on the control board to simulate an activation. See Turnstile Control Board Layout section for button location.

Function	Test Procedure	Turnstile Response
Controlled Passage	 Provide an activation. Enter the turnstile & lightly press on the roto to initiate rotation. Complete the passage. 	 Roto will complete rotation as user walks through. Roto will reset to the Home position after passage. OPTIONS: Activation Lights (JS) change from RED to GREEN; lights reset after passage.
Free-Pass (FP)	 Enter the turnstile & lightly press on the roto to initiate rotation. Complete the passage. 	 Roto will complete rotation as user walks through. Roto will reset to the Home position after passage. OPTIONS: Activation Lights (JS) are constantly illuminated GREEN.
No-Pass (NP)	 Provide an activation. Enter the turnstile & lightly press on the roto. Verify turnstile remains locked. 	Turnstile remains locked. OPTIONS: EL & Activation Lights (JS) illuminated constantly RED.
Impact	 Provide an activation. Lightly press on the roto to initiate rotation. Mid-passage, use your hand to firmly PULL the arms towards you BRIEFLY. Immediately step out of the turnstile. 	 Roto will stop for 2s. Roto will attempt to resume activation. Cycle will repeat until obstruction is cleared. OPTIONS: Activation Lights (JS) will change back from GREEN to RED.



Testing Turnstile Operation (Cont.)

Function	Test Procedure	Turnstile Response
Emergency Override	 Provide (or remove, if N.C.) a sustained dry contact to CWFA / CCWFA. Enter the turnstile & lightly press on the roto to initiate rotation. Complete the passage. 	 Roto will free-spin in the direction receiving the sustained dry contact (CWFA / CCWFA) Roto will remain in free-spin until contact is removed (or reestablished, if N.C). OPTIONS: Activation Lights (JS) will flash green.
Loss of Power	Turn J-Box toggle switch to OFF. Push the roto from each direction.	 Push the roto from each direction, confirm either happens: if <u>Fail-Lock</u>: Remains locked. if <u>Fail-Safe</u>: Is unlocked and allows passage.
Card Reject	Provide a contact short to CWREJ & CCWREJ.	Turnstile remains locked. OPTIONS: Activation Lights (JS) remain illuminated RED.
Stacking	 Using the control board test buttons, CWPASS & CCWPASS, provide 3x activations within 2s of each other. Lightly press on the roto to initiate rotation. Repeat 2x. 	 Roto continues the rotation, completing the passage. Roto will continue to rotate until the remaining "stacked" credentials are allowed passage then re-lock.



User Activation and Passage Instructions

Print and distribute this page to inform users how to properly operate the turnstile.

NOTES

- Always walk slowly through the turnstile
- Always use caution when using the turnstile

Follow the steps below on how to use the turnstile.

- 1. The turnstile should always be in the "Home" position before access is requested (i.e. an access contol card is presented to the card reader). [Figure 37]
- 2. Request access (i.e. present an access control card to the card reader) to activate the turnstile. The following signs will confirm the turnstile has received the activation:
 - The solenoid will "fire" and produce a click-type sound.
 - If applicable, the User Status Light will turn green.
- 3. Immediately step into the turnstile and lightly press on the roto. The roto will automatically rotate as you complete the passage. Stay near the yoke and take short steps. Once through the passage area, move out of the way of the roto arms.

CAUTION

Never grab the roto arm at point "A" and pull it in front of you. This would result in the roto completing the rotation, and re-locking, before you are through the turnstile.

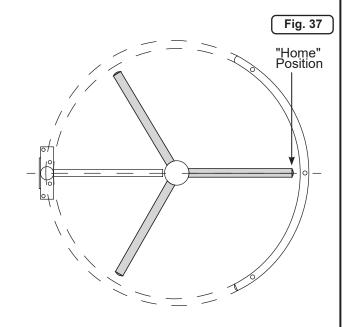
⚠ CAUTION

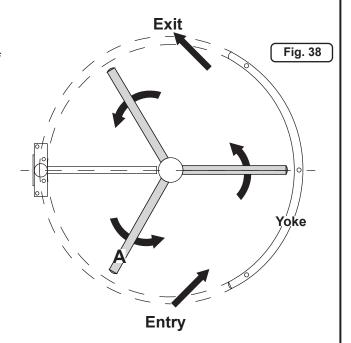
After completing the passage, the turnstile arms will continue to rotate; completing the 120 degree rotation. Taking long strides can cause the arm following you to strike your heels; Foam heel and arm guards are available.

4. Step completely out of the turnstile.

⚠ CAUTION

If a user does not enter the turnstile before the defined time-out period elapses, the turnstile will re-lock. The user will be required to provide an additional access request (ex: card swipe).







	Electric	Validate that electrical connections meet local code requirements.		
		Validate that electrical connections meet local code requirements.		
_				
2	Operati	on		
		Validate key override operation.		
		Ensure key overrides are in proper operational position.		
		Ensure Home position set.		
		Validate turnstile operation in conjunction with the installed access system. Perform multiple activations and rotations in each direction.		
		Ensure that desired outputs are attached and operational.		
3	Attachr	nent		
		Check that mounting bolts and screws are secure and tightened per the requirements in this manual.		
		Top and bottom bearing covers are installed.		
		Top channel cover is in place.		
4	Finish	(Check applicable finish)		
		Stainless Steel (uncoated) – wipe down the entire turnstile with clean water or use the Alvarado recommended commercial products (see Cleaning and Maintenance Section).		
		Stainless Steel (units with optional coating) – wipe down entire turnstile with clean water.		
		Hot Dipped Galvanized – wipe down the stainless steel top channel as indicated above. Repair any damaged galvanized areas with zinc-rich paint following the manufacturer's instructions. An explanatory document describing the ASTM recommended repair process is available from the American Galvanizer Association website.		
		Powder coated - wipe down entire turnstile with clean water. Repair areas that may have been damaged during the installation process. Touch up paint can be purchased from Alvarado.		
		Acrylic - wipe down acrylic surfaces with Alvarado recommended commercial products. (see Cleaning Section).		
5	User In	structions		
		Train responsible personnel on turnstile operation.		
		Provide the User Activation and Passage Instructions contained in this manual to responsible personnel.		
6	Manual	Handoff		
		Provide this manual to responsible personnel.		



Maintenance - Interior / Exterior

Cleaning

The frequency of interior maintenance will depend on how often the turnstile is used, the type of personnel using the turnstile and the environment. Installed turnstiles should be inspected once during the first 30 days after installation. Thereafter, follow the maintenance schedule on the following pages. This schedule is based on what we would call a typical installation – which is a temperate climate where weekly use is up to 7500 activations. If use exceeds this threshold, personnel are abusive to the turnstile or the turnstiles are installed in harsh outdoor environments (such as coastal areas, chemical or refinery plants, very hot or cold locations, or extremely dusty environments), consider increasing the frequency of maintenance to a level suitable for your application.

Galvanized Finishes

A hot dipped galvanized finish is an industrial coating designed to provide corrosion protection. Aesthetic considerations are secondary. Finish irregularities are a natural result of the hot dipped galvanizing process. The appearance of a hot dipped galvanized coating can vary depending on the size and shape of the coated object, as well as from piece to piece or section to section within the same piece. Various appearances for hot dipped galvanized steel (all acceptable under appropriate ASTM standards) include bright and shiny, spangled or mottled, matte gray, or a combination of various conditions. In most instances the appearance of hot dipped galvanized material has no effect on the primary purpose of the finish (corrosion protection) and over time and exposure to the environment, all galvanized finishes will take on a uniform matte gray appearance.

Periodic cleaning of galvanized finishes is recommended. To clean galvanized finishes use a neutral (non-alkaline) detergent, such as a car shampoo, clean warm water and soft brush. Abrasive cleaners, steel wool and chemical cleaning products should not be used. Rinse the surface after cleaning.

Damaged galvanized areas can be treated or touched up with zinc-rich paint. Use an organic cold galvanizing compound following the manufacturer's instructions. An explanatory document describing the ASTM recommended repair process is available from the American Galvanizer Association website.

Stainless Steel Finishes

Stainless steel is a corrosion resistant chromium/nickel alloy steel that is strong and durable. However, it is not rustproof, particularly in harsh environments. In addition to actual damage, stainless steel can appear to rust when contaminated through contact with carbon steel. This contact can come from tools, adjacent mild steel, fasteners, particulate or through contact with hard water (which can leave spotting and staining on stainless steel). The most common method of contamination in windy, dusty and/or industrial environments is from steel and mineral particles that "land" on the stainless material. Mild steel naturally adheres to a stainless steel surface (due to iron-to-iron affinity). Grained material and weld areas are common areas where foreign particles are trapped. In all these cases, it is generally the steel residue, not the stainless material itself, which rusts initially. Left untreated, however, damage to the stainless surface itself can occur.

Regular cleaning is the best way to maintain any stainless steel finish. The goal of a cleaning program should be to clean the surface, keeping the stainless steel's protective chromium oxide layer intact. The frequency of cleaning will depend on the environment.

Regular cleaning can be accomplished by rinsing the stainless steel surface with fresh water to wash away accumulated chemicals, materials and particulates. Wipe dry with a clean cloth. Especially try to clean equipment immediately after contact with chlorides (chlorine powder, salt melt, seawater, etc.).

For embedded deposits a neutral detergent, such as a car shampoo, clean warm water and a soft brush can be used. Rinse the surface after cleaning. Never use steel wool. MAAS also makes an excellent stainless steel cleaner in a spray form, MAAS Stainless Steel & Chrome Cleaner, available from the MAAS website (www.maasinc.com). All the products listed below can also be used for general cleaning.



Cleaning (Cont.)

Stainless Steel Finishes (Cont)

For stubborn stains, heavy spotting and rust, our #1 recommendation is MAAS Metal Polish (in the liquid form). This is hands down the best product we have used. Follow the manufacturer's directions but in brief: (1) wipe down excess dirt from the turnstile; (2) apply polish to the metal; (3) polish in the direction of the grain with a super fine (0000) or fine (000) synthetic steel wool (depending on the level of tarnish); (4) wipe clean; (5) repeat steps 2 - 4 until clean. MAAS Metal Polish (liquid) is available from the MAAS website (www.maasinc.com). Synthetic steel wool can generally be found at home improvement centers or online at Amazon.com. Again, never use steel wool.

Another product that is good is a product called Hope's Perfect Sink (www.hopecompany.com). Follow the directions on the bottle.

Rusted surfaces and even damaged pitted surfaces can generally be cleaned with the MAAS product but highly damaged areas may require chemical passivation. To chemically passivate stainless steel, Alvarado recommends the use of a citric acid product, CitriSurf2310, available from Stellar Solutions (www.citrisurf.com). This product is especially formulated to clean and passivate stainless steel and can be used in the field. Follow the manufacturer's directions.

Even with periodic cleaning, it is possible that periodic chemical passivation will be required to maintain stainless steel in especially difficult environments.

Powder Coat Finishes

To clean the powder coat finish, use a neutral detergent, such as a car shampoo, and rinse with clean water. In the event that the powder coat finish is chipped, and bare metal is showing, seal the area as soon as possible. If the area is not sealed, the underlying metal will rust, which could eat away the powder coat and cause flaking. Touch up paint is available from Alvarado.

Acrylic Finishes

Use cleaning products that are specifically recommended for use on acrylic surfaces. We recommend two products:

- Brillianize
- Novus #1

The two recommended products will clean the material and leave a greaseless shine that will repel dust and resist fingerprints. DO NOT use scouring compounds or chemical cleaners like Windex that contain ammonia or alcohol. Using a soft cloth, clean the acrylic surfaces according to the instructions provided with the recommended cleaning product. DO NOT SCRUB THE ACRYLIC!



Lubrication

It is recommended that the following lubricants be used to lubricate the MST-TE.

Dow Corning MolyKote G-0010 Multipurpose Grease (-20° to +300°)

DuPont

Teflon Non-Stick Dry-Film Lubricant (Bottle) (-100° to +480°)

NOTE

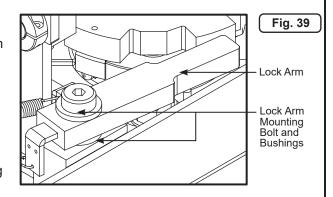
For installations in extreme cold locations, we recommend using Molykote 33 Extreme Application Grease (-100° to +400°) in lieu of the MolyKote G-0010.

Items/Points of Contact	Maintenance	Lubricant	Inspect Every	Replace Every
Lock Arms and Bolts	Check the lock arm(s) and the lock arm bolt(s). If the lock arm does not move freely, clean and oil the lock arm(s) and bolt(s). If the lock arm bolt is loose, apply a thread locking compound such as Blue Loctite to the threads, tighten and re-test. The lock arm should move freely, except for the pressure of the return spring.	DuPont Teflon Non-Stick Dry-Film Lubricant	6 Months	As required
Springs	Inspect and replace worn or damaged springs. Lubricate spring contact points using DuPont Teflon Non-Stick Dry-Film Lubricant lubricant with a tube extension applicator. NOTE: Use only Alvarado springs and only the springs designated for the location and use purpose. Turnstile springs are not interchangeable and should be used in designated locations only.	DuPont Teflon Non-Stick Dry-Film Lubricant	6 Months	1 years
Main Cam & Shaft Bearings	Lubricate the two grease fittings on the upper and lower top channel bearings using the recommended grease and a grease gun.	MolyKote G-0010 Multipurpose Grease	6 Months	As required
Solenoids	Clean the solenoid plunger and solenoid cavity area using alcohol wipes and alcohol moistened Q-tips. Apply a light coating of DuPont Teflon Non-Stick Dry-Film Lubricant on the solenoid plunger.	Alcohol / DuPont	6 Months	As required
Electrical Wiring	Inspect all electrical wires and contacts for exposure to metal parts that may lead to a short.	None	6 Months	As required

Lock Arms and Bolts [Figure 39]

If the lock arm does not move freely, or is loose, detach the return spring from the lock arm and use a 5/16" Allen wrench to remove the lock arm bolt. Use DuPont Teflon Non-Stick Dry-Film Lubricant to lubricate the bushings on the top and bottom side of the lock arm. Apply blue Loctite thread locking compound to the lock arm mounting bolt. Tighten the bolt to a torque rating of 35 ft-lb. and check the lock arm for action. The lock arm should move freely, except for the pressure of the return spring.

If the lock arm mounting bolt is loose, follow the directions above, ensuring that blue Loctite thread locking compound is applied to the lock arm mounting bolt threads before re-installing the lock arm mounting bolt. After tightening the bolt the lock arm should move freely, except for the pressure of the return spring.

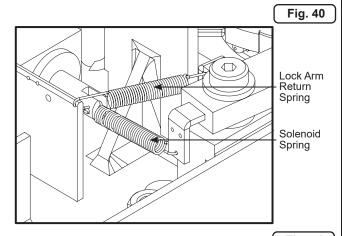




Lubrication (Cont.)

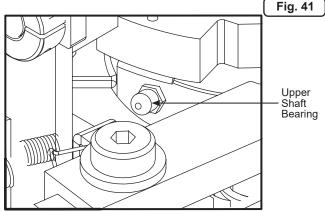
Springs [Figure 40]

Lubricate spring contact points with DuPont Teflon Non-Stick Dry-Film Lubricant. Place lubricant on spring body by adding 1 drop on contact points.



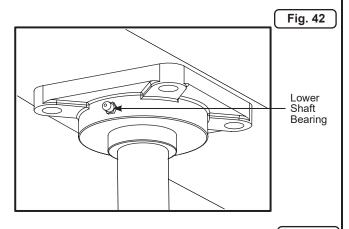
Main Cam and Upper Shaft Bearing [Figure 41]

Lubricate the grease fitting on the upper shaft bearing using the recommended grease and a grease gun.



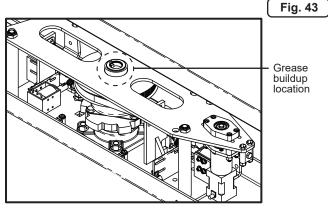
Main Cam and Lower Shaft Bearing [Figure 42]

Lubricate the grease fitting on the lower shaft bearing using the recommended grease and a grease gun.



NOTE

Over time, excess grease may get pushed up and accumulate in the circled area - this is normal. Any potential staining of the metal should be expected due to prolonged exposure to grease; this does not affect performance. [Figure 43]





Toubleshooting

If the steps listed in this section do not resolve the issue, contact Technoial Support

Power Issues			
Cause			
Control board has no power	Ensure primary power input contacts (J101) on the control board terminals are secure and tight.	Fig. 31A/32A, 33	
	2. Verify power supply 24VDC output.		
	3. Check the primary power fuse; replace if blown.		
Mechanical Issues			
Cause	Solution	Reference	
Incorrect springs	Verify that the springs on your unit are identical to the springs used in the illustration.	Fig. B1	
Springs attached incorrectly	Verify that the springs are attached correctly and in the correct mounting holes. Mounting hole locations on unit should match the locations that are shown in the illustration.		
Lock arm binding or sticking	Clean and lubricate (see "Lubrication" section). If the lock arm is still binding, contact Technical Support.	Fig. 39	
Solenoid plunger is binding	Check for and remove any debris from the solenoid plunger and cavity area.	Fig. B1	
	Use an alcohol-moistened cotton swab to clean the solenoid plunger. Do not use water to lubricate the solenoid plunger. The solenoid is designed for dry operation.		
ey Override will not function Confirm key override leads are connected to the appropriate control board terminals.		See Terminal Description.	
Electronic Issues			
Cause	se Solution		
Access Control / Control Board	Disconnect all access control wires from control board	Fig. 33	
Control Board	2. Press the activation test buttons and note if lock arm unlocks.		
	If the lock arm unlocks, then the turnstile is operating correctly. The issue is lies with the access control system.		
	If the lock arm remains locked, Use a wire jumper to short the access control terminals. Replace control board if lock arm remains locked.		

Fail-Lock direction will not re-lock Mechanical Issues			
Incorrect springs	Verify that the springs on your unit are identical to the springs used in the illustration.	Fig. B1	
Springs attached incorrectly	Verify that the springs are attached correctly and in the correct mounting holes. Mounting hole locations on unit should match the locations that are shown in the illustration.	Fig. B1	
Lock arm binding or sticking	Clean and lubricate (see "Lubrication" section). If the lock arm is still binding, contact AlvaradoTechnical Support.	Fig. 39	
Solenoid plunger is binding	Check for and remove any debris from the solenoid plunger and cavity area. Use an alcohol-moistened cotton swab to clean the solenoid plunger. Do not use water to lubricate the solenoid plunger. The solenoid is designed for dry operation.	Fig. B1	
Key Override will not function	Confirm key override leads are connected to the appropriate control board terminals.	See Terminal Description.	
Electronic Issues		•	
Cause Solution		Reference	
Access Control / Control Board	If the Fire Alarm connection is used, verify that CWFA & CCWFA are not being provided with a continuous dry contact.	Fig. 33	
	Verify Emergency Override DIP switch is set according to the building fire relay (N.O. / N.C.).		



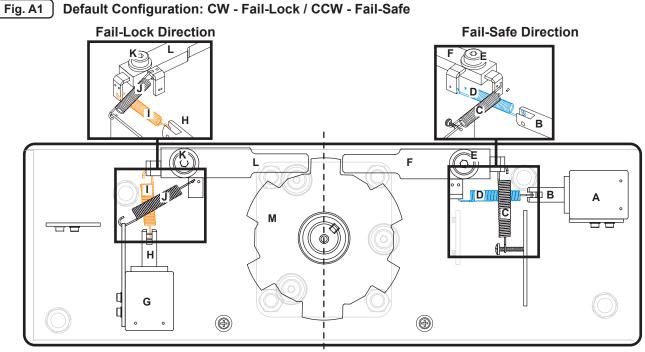
Toubleshooting (Cont.)			
Fail-Safe direction will not unlock			
Power Issues			
Cause	Solution	Reference	
Control board has no power.	Ensure power terminals are secure.	Fig. 30	
	2. Verify activation signal wire connection to control board is secure.		
Mechanical Issues			
Cause	Solution	Reference	
Incorrect springs	Verify that the springs on your unit are identical to the springs used in the illustration.	Fig. B1	
Springs attached incorrectly	Verify that the springs are attached correctly and in the correct mounting holes. Mounting hole locations on unit should match the locations that are shown in the illustration.	Fig. B1	
Lock arm binding or sticking	Lock arm binding or sticking Clean and lubricate (see "Lubrication" section). If the lock arm is still binding, contact Technical Support.		
Solenoid plunger is binding	Check for and remove any debris from the solenoid plunger and cavity area.	Fig. B1	
	Use an alcohol-moistened cotton swab to clean the solenoid plunger. Do not use water to lubricate the solenoid plunger. The solenoid is designed for dry operation.		
Key Override will not function	Confirm key override leads are connected to the appropriate control board terminals.	See Terminal Description.	
Electronic Issues			
Cause	Solution	Reference	
Access Control / Control Board	Disconnect all access control wires from control board	Fig. 33	
Control Board	Press the activation test buttons and note if lock arm unlocks.		
	3. If the lock arm unlocks, then the turnstile is operating correctly. The issue is lies with the access control system.		
	If the lock arm remains locked, Use a wire jumper to short the access control terminals. Replace control board if lock arm remains locked. Contact Alvarado Technical Support.		
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Toubleshooting (Cont.)			
Fail-Safe direction will not re-lock			
Power Issues			
Cause	Solution	Reference	
Control board has no power.	Ensure primary power input contacts (J101) on the control board terminals are secure and tight.	Fig. 31A/32A, 33	
	2. Verify power supply 24VDC output.		
	3. Check the primary power fuse; replace if blown.		
Mechanical Issues			
Cause	Solution	Reference	
Incorrect springs	Verify that the springs on your unit are identical to the springs used in the illustration.	Fig. B1	
Springs attached incorrectly Verify that the springs are attached correctly and in the correct mounting holes. Mounting hole locations on unit should match the locations that are shown in the illustration.		Fig. B1	
Lock arm binding or sticking Clean and lubricate (see "Lubrication" section). If the lock arm is still binding, contact Technical Support. Fig. 39		Fig. 39	
Solenoid plunger is binding	Check for and remove any debris from the solenoid plunger and cavity area. Use an alcohol-moistened cotton swab to clean the solenoid plunger. Do not use water to lubricate the solenoid plunger. The solenoid is designed for dry operation.	Fig. B1	
Key Override will not function	Confirm key override leads are connected to the appropriate control board terminals.	See Terminal Description.	
Electronic Issues		•	
Cause Solution		Reference	
Access Control / Control Board	If the Fire Alarm connection is used, verify that CWFA & CCWFA are not being provided with a continuous dry contact.	Fig. 33	
	2. Verify Emergency Override (E.O) DIP switch is set according to the building fire relay (N.O. / N.C.).		



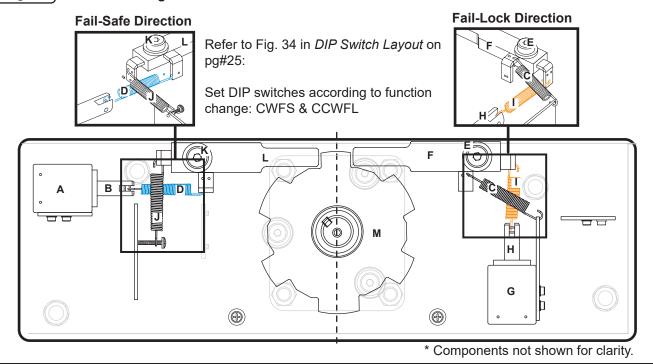
Appendix A - Changing Fail-Safe / Fail-Lock

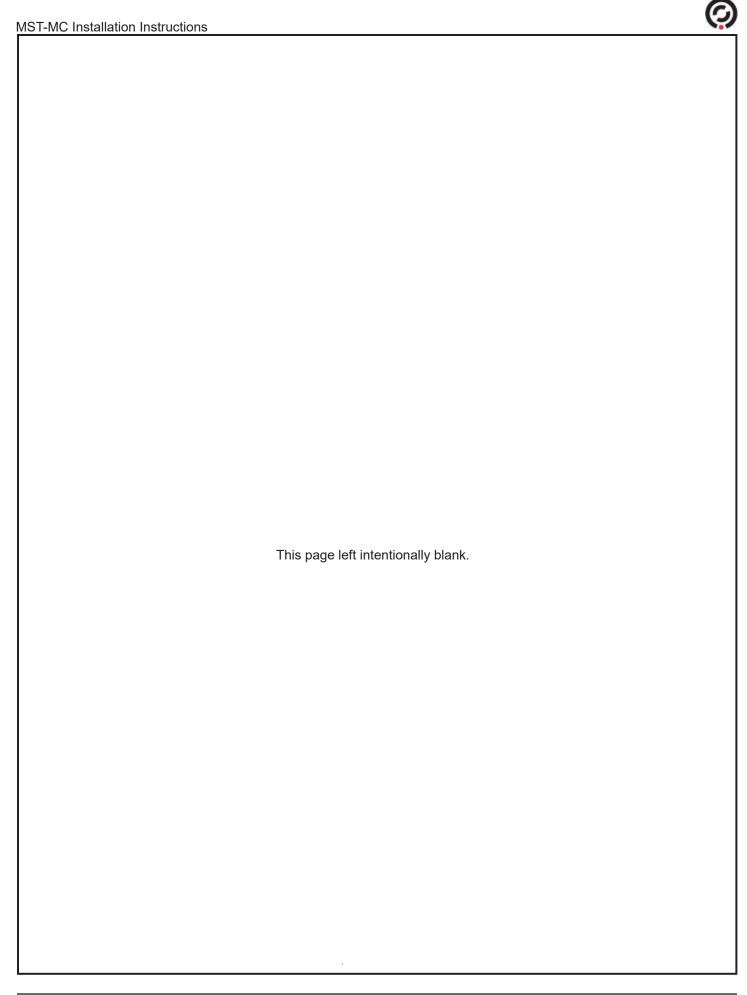


* Components not shown for clarity.

А	Solenoid (Fail-Safe position)	I	Solenoid Spring (Fail-lock)
В	B Solenoid Plunger		Return Spring
С	Return Spring	K	Lock Arm Mounting Bolt
D	Solenoid Spring (Fail-safe)	L	Lock Arm
E	Lock Arm Mounting Bolt	M	Cam Shaft
F	Lock Arm		
G	Solenoid (Fail-Lock position)		
Н	Solenoid Plunger		

Fig. A2 Reverse Configuration: CW - Fail-Safe / CCW- Fail-Lock







Revision History

Revision	Date	Author	Description
1-0	3/2021	C. Maynez	Initial Document Creation
1-1	4/2023	C. Maynez	Added UL Certification.
2-0	4/2023	C. Maynez	Rebranded to Dormakaba standards.
2-1	10/2023	C. Maynez Corrected Homing Procedure steps.	



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